

THE ATLANTA CONSTITUTION.

Published Daily, Sunday, Weekly.

The Daily, per year . . . \$2.00
 The Sunday (20 to 25 pages) . . . 1.00
 The Daily and Sunday, per year . . . 3.00
 The Weekly, per year . . . 1.00
 All editions sent postpaid to any address.
 At these reduced rates all subscriptions must be paid in advance.
 Contributors must keep copies of articles. We do not undertake to return rejected MSS., and will do so under no circumstances unless accompanied by return postage.

Where to Find the Constitution.
 The Constitution can be found on sale at the following:

WASHINGTON—Metropolitan Hotel.
 JACKSONVILLE—H. Drew & Bro.
 CINCINNATI—J. R. Hawley, 122 Vine st.
 NEW YORK—Brentano's, 134 Fifth avenue.
 CHICAGO—P. O. News Company, 91 Adams street.
 Great Northern hotel, McDonald & Co., 55 Washington St.
 KANSAS CITY—W. A. Rode, 63 Main St.
 SAN FRANCISCO—R. C. Wilbur.

12 CENTS PER WEEK.
 For The Daily Constitution, or 50 cents per calendar month. Sixteen cents per week for The Daily and Sunday Constitution, or 75 cents per calendar month. Delivered to any address by carrier in the city of Atlanta. Send in your name at once.
 Do not pay the carriers. We have regular collectors.

10 PAGES.
 ATLANTA, GA., October 10, 1894.

An Important Question.

The importance of a definite settlement of the vexed question of registration for the congressional election cannot be overestimated, and it is to be hoped that something will be done at once to let the candidates, as well as the people, know just what to expect as regards the qualification for voting for congressmen.

If Judge Speer's decision, in the Richmond county case two years ago, holds for the state, county registrations will be ignored. It certainly seems that the regulations controlling the federal election in one district should not differ from those controlling an election in another district, and that there should be absolute uniformity in the qualifications for voting in every district of the state.

Two years ago the voters of the tenth district, by the decision of Judge Speer, ignored the county registration lists. On the same day the voters in the fifth district, the seventh district and in other districts, were restricted to the registration lists in those counties where registration was in vogue.

There was a lack of uniformity in this respect which should be avoided this time, for while it is not probable, it is possible that the republicans will control the next house of representatives, and they would want no better opportunity to throw out democratic congressmen than on such a contest. Yet the question is deeper than a partisan one, and its settlement will obviate a great deal of unnecessary confusion on the day of the election.

The situation illustrates in a most forcible manner the necessity for a general state registration law. With such a law, having uniform bearing in every county in the state, there could be, of course, no question about restricting the voters in both the state and federal elections, to those who qualify by registration.

Such a law would go far toward doing away with a corrupt ballot box, and is in every way to be desired. Let the general assembly at its meeting this month take the matter promptly in hand and pass a general registration law by which to regulate the elections in every county in the state. It is the most important measure that can be adopted by the legislature, and if the representatives of the people will go a step further and enact a law by which to insure an honest election and a fair count in every county in Georgia, it will win for itself a position in the confidence of the people more lasting than that of any legislature which has assembled in Georgia since the war.

Related Charges.
 It is needless at this time to engage in a controversy in regard to the charges so flimsily made by Mr. John Temple Graves in regard to the existence of rings and other sinister machinery calculated to deprive the unwary voters of their rights and privileges. During the war there were a number of eloquent editors in the south who had a habit of showing the generals how the battles should have been fought. But it was not until the battles were over that the great strategical gifts of these editors shone out conspicuously. When the armies were confronting each other they had little to say. But after the battle had been won or lost, they began to show how a much greater victory could have been won, or how defeat could have been averted.

The trouble with these newspaper generals was that their information came too late to do any good, and this is the trouble with Mr. Graves's charges about the rings and ringsters that, according to his views, have taken possession of political affairs in Georgia. These charges should have been made and discussed during the contest for election—not vaguely, but definitely, so that the people would have had an opportunity to deal with them.

We have no doubt that partisanship would itself in some quarters, as it always does, but we believe that the people of the state are entirely satisfied with the men who have been chosen to administer their state affairs. As to democratic dissatisfaction, the state was boiling over with it. In some quarters it took the shape of disgust and abeyance; in others it took the shape of a snarl; but the irritation was based on dissatisfaction with the work of the administration, and finally grew into a protest against the special effort that was made in the state to convince the voters that they ought to accept as democratic doctrine the views of Wall street and John Sherman on the money question.

We make these comments now because we believe the time has come for the democrats of Georgia to cease all controversies over minor issues and come together in behalf of those larger issues that affect the vital interests of the people—the repeal of republican financial legislation, and the repudiation of the doctrines held by John Sherman and Wall street.

The Real Issue.
 Chairman Faulkner, of the congressional campaign committee, says that the fight this year is to be made on the tariff. We think Mr. Faulkner is mistaken about this, just as he is mistaken in his methods of running the democratic campaign.

The people are under the impression that the tariff question has been settled so far as this administration is concerned by the passage of the new tariff bill. With this bill the law of the land, we do not understand how Mr. Faulkner proposes to make the tariff the issue in the pending congressional election unless he expects democrats to attack the law that has just received the sanction of the democratic congress.

We are of the opinion that Mr. Faulkner is not the man to assist in the congressional elections in behalf of the democrats. We hear from various sources that democrats throughout the country find it extremely difficult to get campaign literature covering the real issues before the people. If Chairman Faulkner is not a democrat on the money question he will do more damage to the democrats than if he were an out-and-out republican.

The silver question is the issue before the people and it will remain the issue until it is settled favorably to the interests of the people.

Meanwhile, if Mr. Faulkner is not deliberately trying to handicap his party—as the apostles of John Sherman did in the Georgia campaign—he should resign his place to the end that the committee of which he is chairman may be able to aid the democratic candidates for congress.

Flub-Dub.

The Southern Associated Press reports of Monday night contained the following interview with Hon. Hoke Smith, secretary of the interior, who reached Washington on Monday, after a month's sojourn in Georgia, during which time he was especially active in advocacy of the new gold standard policy which has brought cotton to about 5 cents a pound. Said Mr. Smith:

The state ticket has been elected by between 30,000 and 35,000 majority. It is manifestly unfair to compare this election with the state election in 1892, when Governor Norther received a majority of 85,000. The republican state convention declined to endorse the populist candidate and failed to put any candidates of their own. The colored teachers' conventions endorsed Governor Norther. Governor Norther, therefore, was not opposed by the republicans, but on the contrary was supported by the majority of them. In the presidential election of 1892 both the republicans and the populists had tickets in the field and the republican ticket was defeated by a majority of more than the majority in the recent election. This year the republican state convention endorsed the populists and the republican ticket was defeated by a majority of more than the majority in the recent election. It is fair that the comparisons should be made with the democratic majority in the presidential election. This shows a difference of only 5,000 votes and I believe that this will be accounted for by the light vote polled. It is an interesting fact that the state committee did not spend \$2,000 on the state campaign. It is noticeable, too, that no reduction of majorities took place in the districts where the fight was conducted in line with a platform defending a sound currency.

Possibly Mr. Smith knows what he is talking about, but it will interest the people of Georgia to know by what authority the statement is made that the republican state convention this year endorsed the populists, while two years ago it declined to do so. The truth is, the republican state convention this year refused to endorse anybody or anything, and especially refused its assent to the effort to bring about a coalition with the populists. So much for this.

It would also interest our people to know by what authority the statement is made that the vote of last Wednesday was so "very much lighter" than that of two years ago as to account for the difference in the democratic majority. (The truth is, the vote last Wednesday was one of the largest ever cast in the state.)

The people would also like to know by what authority the statement is made that "no reduction of majorities took place in districts where the fight was conducted in line with a platform defending a sound currency." There are but two districts in Georgia in which, in the contests for congressional nominations, a clear-cut issue was made on the financial question. One of these districts is that in which Secretary Smith resides, and which is now represented by Colonel Livingston. The other is the sixth district, now represented by Mr. Cabanis, who, after a service of one term, was defeated by Mr. Bartlett for no other reason than that Mr. Cabanis took the same position on the financial question that is now held by Mr. Smith. In Colonel Livingston's district the issue was driven in Fulton county and Livingston's majority of a thousand expresses the verdict of the people of this county. Congressman Crisp, who differed with Secretary Smith on every occasion on which he spoke in Georgia during the campaign just over, had the satisfaction of seeing his district give the largest democratic majority of any district in the state, and there is not a district in Georgia whose democratic majority would not have been larger if there had been less goldbug talk during the campaign.

Mr. Smith has gone wide of the mark, and is unnecessarily extravagant in his explanation of the result of the Georgia election. Georgia's majority on last Wednesday should have been 70,000. As it was, the difference between 70,000 and 30,000 represents the direct loss to the party, occasioned by the too sudden effort to repudiate the views of the voters of Georgia on the financial question. Mr. Smith's talk is flub-dub!

Free Coinage Certainty.
 Commenting on the determination of the Ohio democracy to make the campaign on the free silver issue, The New Orleans Picayune puts in some good licks for the cause.

Without advocating silver The Picayune says that it is enough to know that the people favor it, and they are bound to have their way sooner or later. Our contemporary puts the matter in this shape:

The authorizing of a state bank currency and the repeal of the tax on state bank notes would have gone far towards pacifying the dissatisfaction and moderating the demands of the western people for some financial relief. But every demand was met with a flat refusal, and the western people, who are weighed down by mortgages on their homes, and who have been bankrupted by bursting booms, in 1893, found themselves opposed to every appeal they made upon congress for assistance.

The result of the president's unyielding opposition to every appeal for a financial policy which the western people thought would give them relief has been to arouse and consolidate the demand for unlimited silver coinage until it is overflowing the nation in a tidal wave, and the finances of the nation quite ill from it, and this famous silver was long the talk of the town. Among the guests were some of the most prominent people of the state, one of whom was General Basil Duke.

Mr. Pelham Nahl, of Alameda, Cal., feels that he is a much misunderstood and ill-treated man, and has arranged for an entertainment to be held for the benefit of the Episcopal church, and as a drawing feature he has consented to pose—as a "personation" in living bronze," where he would be presented to the public gaze arrayed in a smile and a coat of bronze paint. The plans were well under way before the church found out what was going on, but presently some of the ladies came privately to the rectory to tell him about it, and say that it was scandalous; the gentlemen dropped in to express an opinion that it would never do, you know, and the rector put his foot down and said that it could not go on. Mr. Nahl was all ready for the performance, and had even hired a hall, and was in the affair of high moral tone and that he was very much misunderstood.

Says The Chicago Times: "We state the fact to be that the industrial products of the earth, which is the foundation of all wealth, have fallen in price to such an extent in the last twenty years; that this depreciation has led to want in the midst of plenty—to depression in all industries—has limited by at least 40 per cent the power of purchase and consumption of the products of manufacturers; has brought about common distress, labor strikes, universal discontent, compulsory idleness, Coxey's army, and consequent crime; that all these calamities are largely, if not chiefly, chargeable to the diminished volume of circulating money and to the unwise financial policy of the nation. And in support of this conviction we point with confidence to the example of France, which, with half of our population, one-tenth of our material resources, and one-fifth of our territorial area, maintained in steady parity with the money of the world for several years, in ten of which gold was produced in proportion of 4 to 1 of silver; and we believe that never since the days of King Solomon was the metal money so plentiful as it is now, and that it is a single year."

Only one man had asked for a receipt. All the others trusted to the word of the borrower. It is impossible to read this little story without coming to the conclusion that a great many clever fellows are to be found among the capitalists of New York. And it is just so. Our metropolitan millionaires are in the main big-hearted and generous, and it should not be forgotten that they are investing their money all the way from Maine to Texas, and using their wealth to build up the industry and commerce of the country, while at the same time their gifts in the shape of public and private charity are doing good in every part of the world.

A Lucky Georgia Rhymist.
 Mirabeau L. Towns, a Brooklyn lawyer who once lived in Atlanta, received a legacy of \$150,000 the other day from an eccentric Irishman who had taken a fancy to the lawyer's rhymes.

About ten years ago the Irishman called on Mr. Towns and requested him to take the case of an old woman who wanted damages for being bitten by a dog and drenched with water from a hose. But the condition was that Mr. Towns should utilize his poetic gifts by making an argument in rhyme. The poet accepted, and the jury gave the woman a verdict for \$75. The Irishman gave him another case which he also won, after making his argument in rhyme.

To cut a long story short, it is enough to say that this strange admirer of Mr. Towns's poetry is dead, and has made the rhymist one of his four heirs, each of whom will get \$150,000.

We do not believe that there is a similar case on record. Certainly, no American ever before received such a rich reward for a few jingling verses. Let our poets be of good cheer. Perhaps their golden age is here. It opens well this autumn dear, and spreads its sunlight far and near.

In Humpty Dumpty's Fix.
 The report that the friends of Colonel W. C. P. Breckinridge will bring him to the front as a senatorial candidate, will have to be confirmed before people will take it seriously.

If there is any truth in the story, then it becomes doubtful which is the crazier, Breckinridge or his friends. The case of Humpty Dumpty is very similar, in some respects. It will be recollected that he once sat on a wall, and then had a great fall. After he was down, despite his former commanding position, all the king's horses could not pull him up again. The fallen Kentucky giant is in the same plight. Since his disastrous tumble he is down in the mire, and he is there to stay. His friends are not strong enough to pull him out, and if they attempt it, public sentiment will give them a sharp rebuke. Julius was right when he said that no rank or station is high enough to support a perfectly degraded name.

Now that Editor Allen has The Macom Telegraph where he can control it to suit his notions he ought to be able to make a pretty good newspaper out of it. It is thought that the next house will have some changes in its complexion. The people seem to be somewhat worried in their minds about congress.

John Sherman's apostles in Georgia are trying to explain the slump in Georgia by saying that the vote was a small one. But the fact is it was the largest vote ever polled in the state.

John Sherman's apostles in Georgia are not paying much attention to the fact that the district represented by Speaker Crisp, an out-and-out free coinage man, rolled up the biggest democratic majority in the state.

A great many financial fakirs are presenting solutions of the currency problem to Secretary Carlisle. They would do well, we think, to submit their solutions to the people.

Uncle George Frieble Hoar has given the Massachusetts republicans a platform that reads as if it had come hot from the intellectual department of Colonel Pat Donan.

EDITORIAL COMMENT.

Tonight at the First Methodist church, at 7:30 o'clock, Rev. W. J. Scott's lecture on "Psychology" will be read by Judge W. R. Hammond. It is a fine lecture and will entertain and instruct those who are fortunate enough to hear it. There will be no charge for admission.

The death of Mrs. Rosa Vetter Jeffrey removes a picturesque figure from Kentucky society. Few women were better known throughout the south and her writings gained for her a national reputation. It was she who gave the famous hush-hush supper many years ago at which the guests took a dose of the eastern drug. Under its influence Mrs. Jeffrey wrote one of her best poems, but the result was not so happy with others who swallowed the opium. Her husband was quite ill from it, and this famous supper was long the talk of the town. Among the guests were some of the most prominent people of the state, one of whom was General Basil Duke.

Mr. Pelham Nahl, of Alameda, Cal., feels that he is a much misunderstood and ill-treated man, and has arranged for an entertainment to be held for the benefit of the Episcopal church, and as a drawing feature he has consented to pose—as a "personation" in living bronze," where he would be presented to the public gaze arrayed in a smile and a coat of bronze paint. The plans were well under way before the church found out what was going on, but presently some of the ladies came privately to the rectory to tell him about it, and say that it was scandalous; the gentlemen dropped in to express an opinion that it would never do, you know, and the rector put his foot down and said that it could not go on. Mr. Nahl was all ready for the performance, and had even hired a hall, and was in the affair of high moral tone and that he was very much misunderstood.

Says The Chicago Times: "We state the fact to be that the industrial products of the earth, which is the foundation of all wealth, have fallen in price to such an extent in the last twenty years; that this depreciation has led to want in the midst of plenty—to depression in all industries—has limited by at least 40 per cent the power of purchase and consumption of the products of manufacturers; has brought about common distress, labor strikes, universal discontent, compulsory idleness, Coxey's army, and consequent crime; that all these calamities are largely, if not chiefly, chargeable to the diminished volume of circulating money and to the unwise financial policy of the nation. And in support of this conviction we point with confidence to the example of France, which, with half of our population, one-tenth of our material resources, and one-fifth of our territorial area, maintained in steady parity with the money of the world for several years, in ten of which gold was produced in proportion of 4 to 1 of silver; and we believe that never since the days of King Solomon was the metal money so plentiful as it is now, and that it is a single year."

Only one man had asked for a receipt. All the others trusted to the word of the borrower. It is impossible to read this little story without coming to the conclusion that a great many clever fellows are to be found among the capitalists of New York. And it is just so. Our metropolitan millionaires are in the main big-hearted and generous, and it should not be forgotten that they are investing their money all the way from Maine to Texas, and using their wealth to build up the industry and commerce of the country, while at the same time their gifts in the shape of public and private charity are doing good in every part of the world.

A Lucky Georgia Rhymist.
 Mirabeau L. Towns, a Brooklyn lawyer who once lived in Atlanta, received a legacy of \$150,000 the other day from an eccentric Irishman who had taken a fancy to the lawyer's rhymes.

About ten years ago the Irishman called on Mr. Towns and requested him to take the case of an old woman who wanted damages for being bitten by a dog and drenched with water from a hose. But the condition was that Mr. Towns should utilize his poetic gifts by making an argument in rhyme. The poet accepted, and the jury gave the woman a verdict for \$75. The Irishman gave him another case which he also won, after making his argument in rhyme.

To cut a long story short, it is enough to say that this strange admirer of Mr. Towns's poetry is dead, and has made the rhymist one of his four heirs, each of whom will get \$150,000.

We do not believe that there is a similar case on record. Certainly, no American ever before received such a rich reward for a few jingling verses. Let our poets be of good cheer. Perhaps their golden age is here. It opens well this autumn dear, and spreads its sunlight far and near.

In Humpty Dumpty's Fix.
 The report that the friends of Colonel W. C. P. Breckinridge will bring him to the front as a senatorial candidate, will have to be confirmed before people will take it seriously.

If there is any truth in the story, then it becomes doubtful which is the crazier, Breckinridge or his friends. The case of Humpty Dumpty is very similar, in some respects. It will be recollected that he once sat on a wall, and then had a great fall. After he was down, despite his former commanding position, all the king's horses could not pull him up again. The fallen Kentucky giant is in the same plight. Since his disastrous tumble he is down in the mire, and he is there to stay. His friends are not strong enough to pull him out, and if they attempt it, public sentiment will give them a sharp rebuke. Julius was right when he said that no rank or station is high enough to support a perfectly degraded name.

Now that Editor Allen has The Macom Telegraph where he can control it to suit his notions he ought to be able to make a pretty good newspaper out of it. It is thought that the next house will have some changes in its complexion. The people seem to be somewhat worried in their minds about congress.

John Sherman's apostles in Georgia are trying to explain the slump in Georgia by saying that the vote was a small one. But the fact is it was the largest vote ever polled in the state.

John Sherman's apostles in Georgia are not paying much attention to the fact that the district represented by Speaker Crisp, an out-and-out free coinage man, rolled up the biggest democratic majority in the state.

A great many financial fakirs are presenting solutions of the currency problem to Secretary Carlisle. They would do well, we think, to submit their solutions to the people.

Uncle George Frieble Hoar has given the Massachusetts republicans a platform that reads as if it had come hot from the intellectual department of Colonel Pat Donan.

John Sherman's apostles in Georgia are not paying much attention to the fact that the district represented by Speaker Crisp, an out-and-out free coinage man, rolled up the biggest democratic majority in the state.

A great many financial fakirs are presenting solutions of the currency problem to Secretary Carlisle. They would do well, we think, to submit their solutions to the people.

Uncle George Frieble Hoar has given the Massachusetts republicans a platform that reads as if it had come hot from the intellectual department of Colonel Pat Donan.

EDITORIAL COMMENT.

Tonight at the First Methodist church, at 7:30 o'clock, Rev. W. J. Scott's lecture on "Psychology" will be read by Judge W. R. Hammond. It is a fine lecture and will entertain and instruct those who are fortunate enough to hear it. There will be no charge for admission.

The death of Mrs. Rosa Vetter Jeffrey removes a picturesque figure from Kentucky society. Few women were better known throughout the south and her writings gained for her a national reputation. It was she who gave the famous hush-hush supper many years ago at which the guests took a dose of the eastern drug. Under its influence Mrs. Jeffrey wrote one of her best poems, but the result was not so happy with others who swallowed the opium. Her husband was quite ill from it, and this famous supper was long the talk of the town. Among the guests were some of the most prominent people of the state, one of whom was General Basil Duke.

Mr. Pelham Nahl, of Alameda, Cal., feels that he is a much misunderstood and ill-treated man, and has arranged for an entertainment to be held for the benefit of the Episcopal church, and as a drawing feature he has consented to pose—as a "personation" in living bronze," where he would be presented to the public gaze arrayed in a smile and a coat of bronze paint. The plans were well under way before the church found out what was going on, but presently some of the ladies came privately to the rectory to tell him about it, and say that it was scandalous; the gentlemen dropped in to express an opinion that it would never do, you know, and the rector put his foot down and said that it could not go on. Mr. Nahl was all ready for the performance, and had even hired a hall, and was in the affair of high moral tone and that he was very much misunderstood.

Says The Chicago Times: "We state the fact to be that the industrial products of the earth, which is the foundation of all wealth, have fallen in price to such an extent in the last twenty years; that this depreciation has led to want in the midst of plenty—to depression in all industries—has limited by at least 40 per cent the power of purchase and consumption of the products of manufacturers; has brought about common distress, labor strikes, universal discontent, compulsory idleness, Coxey's army, and consequent crime; that all these calamities are largely, if not chiefly, chargeable to the diminished volume of circulating money and to the unwise financial policy of the nation. And in support of this conviction we point with confidence to the example of France, which, with half of our population, one-tenth of our material resources, and one-fifth of our territorial area, maintained in steady parity with the money of the world for several years, in ten of which gold was produced in proportion of 4 to 1 of silver; and we believe that never since the days of King Solomon was the metal money so plentiful as it is now, and that it is a single year."

Only one man had asked for a receipt. All the others trusted to the word of the borrower. It is impossible to read this little story without coming to the conclusion that a great many clever fellows are to be found among the capitalists of New York. And it is just so. Our metropolitan millionaires are in the main big-hearted and generous, and it should not be forgotten that they are investing their money all the way from Maine to Texas, and using their wealth to build up the industry and commerce of the country, while at the same time their gifts in the shape of public and private charity are doing good in every part of the world.

A Lucky Georgia Rhymist.
 Mirabeau L. Towns, a Brooklyn lawyer who once lived in Atlanta, received a legacy of \$150,000 the other day from an eccentric Irishman who had taken a fancy to the lawyer's rhymes.

About ten years ago the Irishman called on Mr. Towns and requested him to take the case of an old woman who wanted damages for being bitten by a dog and drenched with water from a hose. But the condition was that Mr. Towns should utilize his poetic gifts by making an argument in rhyme. The poet accepted, and the jury gave the woman a verdict for \$75. The Irishman gave him another case which he also won, after making his argument in rhyme.

To cut a long story short, it is enough to say that this strange admirer of Mr. Towns's poetry is dead, and has made the rhymist one of his four heirs, each of whom will get \$150,000.

We do not believe that there is a similar case on record. Certainly, no American ever before received such a rich reward for a few jingling verses. Let our poets be of good cheer. Perhaps their golden age is here. It opens well this autumn dear, and spreads its sunlight far and near.

In Humpty Dumpty's Fix.
 The report that the friends of Colonel W. C. P. Breckinridge will bring him to the front as a senatorial candidate, will have to be confirmed before people will take it seriously.

If there is any truth in the story, then it becomes doubtful which is the crazier, Breckinridge or his friends. The case of Humpty Dumpty is very similar, in some respects. It will be recollected that he once sat on a wall, and then had a great fall. After he was down, despite his former commanding position, all the king's horses could not pull him up again. The fallen Kentucky giant is in the same plight. Since his disastrous tumble he is down in the mire, and he is there to stay. His friends are not strong enough to pull him out, and if they attempt it, public sentiment will give them a sharp rebuke. Julius was right when he said that no rank or station is high enough to support a perfectly degraded name.

Now that Editor Allen has The Macom Telegraph where he can control it to suit his notions he ought to be able to make a pretty good newspaper out of it. It is thought that the next house will have some changes in its complexion. The people seem to be somewhat worried in their minds about congress.

John Sherman's apostles in Georgia are trying to explain the slump in Georgia by saying that the vote was a small one. But the fact is it was the largest vote ever polled in the state.

John Sherman's apostles in Georgia are not paying much attention to the fact that the district represented by Speaker Crisp, an out-and-out free coinage man, rolled up the biggest democratic majority in the state.

A great many financial fakirs are presenting solutions of the currency problem to Secretary Carlisle. They would do well, we think, to submit their solutions to the people.

Uncle George Frieble Hoar has given the Massachusetts republicans a platform that reads as if it had come hot from the intellectual department of Colonel Pat Donan.

JUST FROM GEORGIA.

An Oak Fire.
 My troubles vanish—out of sight,
 And like the sparks expire,
 When seated on a rainy night,
 Beside a big oak fire.
 The wind that in the chimney sings
 But tempts the brave flames higher;
 And fancy paints a thousand things
 Beside a big oak fire.
 And dreams—rare dreams, of lovelier days
 Fall soft, and never tire,
 While Memory's warming at the blaze
 Beside a big oak fire.
 Not this vain world, with joys sublime,
 Could tempt my fond desire,
 Could I but dream all winter time
 Beside a big oak fire!

—F. L. S.

Editor Henry Clay Fairman, of The Sunny South, anticipating the promised cyclone, celebrates it in the following spirited verse:
 "The winged mammoth of the skies
 Athwart the globe like dragon flies,
 With trailing trunk, which (monstrous sign)
 Sucks, twists and reaches left and right,
 And rends and scatters in its wrath
 Whatever lingers in its path."

Easily Explained.
 "Yes, yes, yes,"
 "Well, what didn't you do it?"
 "Well, you see, it was dis-ay;
 de utter feller, he paid me \$10."

"Our Little Folks" is the name of a boys' paper published at Indianapolis, and edited by A. W. Lowry. It contains a variety of bright, interesting articles and is very neatly printed.

Some of the candidates who have been occupying the stumps are now digging them up for planting time.

Too Bad!
 The poets take the country—
 And into their own they bring it;
 An autumn leaf can't take a fall,
 But that some hard must sing it!

Fall Time in Georgia.
 "This is great fall weather you are having."
 "Yes; cotton's dropped out o' sight."

James Whitcomb Riley has written a romance to Bill Nye, Walt Whitman and Bill Nye masquerading in a dignified sonnet!

The Augusta Evening News wants to inaugurate a "song campaign." Wait till the congressional election is over, or the voters won't be able to hear themselves vote.

Never Touched Her.
 Cold wave comin' from the west—
 So the record shows;
 Georgia, all in muck dressed,
 Smiles, an' pulls a rose!

The cyclones that wreck other parts of the country will raise before they strike Georgia, and merely wear a little around the state.

A Leading Question.
 "Have you read 'Trilby'?"
 "No; but I've heard 'Sweet Marie.'"

One Way to Raise Hogs.
 "What are you here for, George?"
 "I've been tucked up, suh, fer raisin' hogs."
 "Why, there's no law against that."
 "Dat's what I tell um, suh; but de sorter found out dat I raise de hogs over de fence!"

The defeated candidates have all returned home, and are now busily engaged in house cleaning.

If some of the managers of the belated precincts are not careful they will not be through in time to spend Christmas at home with their families.

Queer World.
 A funny game is politics!
 The man who lost his head
 Has ceased to run for office
 And now splits rails for bread!

A Florida man found a silver watch in a dead alligator. But the man neglected to state that the watch was running and keeping Washington time.

SOUTHERN NEWS NOTES.

A strange fact was developed by Dr. Charles C. Lewis, of Georgetown, Ky., on Friday. A negro who has been suffering slightly from a pain in his arm for about four months called at the doctor's office. Upon examination it was found that a large needle two inches long was embedded in the muscles of the arm. The negro did not know when he could have received the wound, nor could any scar be found.

The Paducah, Ky., News says that the wife of Dr. Grier, who lives a few miles from Kuttawa, ran away with a negro. She was caught in Marshall county and punished by the courts. A few days ago she returned and was received by Dr. Grier. If it nothing had happened. Some of the people, however, did not like the arrangement, and, after thoroughly disagreeing with her, she was sent back to the man for coming back and the man for receiving her.

Burrell Moore, of Kentucky, is teaching school in a district that can furnish more twins than any other in the county—perhaps in the state. He has for pupils three sets, then boards a third stone's throw of two more. There are also a number of twin calves in the same territory.

G. W. Jessup, of Fairview, Ky., has in his possession a dirk over a hundred years old. It was carried by his father in the revolutionary war, and it was made in a blacksmith shop in ten great cities. The handle is inlaid with silver.

While Charles Neely, of Hamlet, Ky., was riding horseback after a doctor he was thrown off and his neck broken and skull crushed. Death was instantaneous. Two weeks ago the doctor, who was with the pretty daughter of Henry Neely, was married.

At Palatka, Fla., during the recent storm the water hyacinths were thrown so compactly against Rice creek bridge that pedestrians were enabled to cross the stream on their dry shod.

Deposited for mailing at special rate of postage provided for in Act of October 3, 1917. Authorization to mail at this rate is based on payment of \$1.00 per copy for this advertisement.

Don't charge the Novelty price.

Eiseman Bros.

WASHINGTON, D. C. ATLANTA, GA. BALTIMORE,
THE AND E. BROS. N. W. 15-17 WHITEHALL ST. EASTON, MD. W. QUINN

ONLY MANUFACTURERS OF CLOTHING IN THE SOUTH
DEALING DIRECT WITH CONSUMER.

—No Branch House in the City—

...vi registraron...

and 14-16-18-20-22-24-26-28-30-32-34-36-38-40-42-44-46-48-50-52-54-56-58-60-62-64-66-68-70-72-74-76-78-80-82-84-86-88-90-92-94-96-98-100-102-104-106-108-110-112-114-116-118-120-122-124-126-128-130-132-134-136-138-140-142-144-146-148-150-152-154-156-158-160-162-164-166-168-170-172-174-176-178-180-182-184-186-188-190-192-194-196-198-200-202-204-206-208-210-212-214-216-218-220-222-224-226-228-230-232-234-236-238-240-242-244-246-248-250-252-254-256-258-260-262-264-266-268-270-272-274-276-278-280-282-284-286-288-290-292-294-296-298-300-302-304-306-308-310-312-314-316-318-320-322-324-326-328-330-332-334-336-338-340-342-344-346-348-350-352-354-356-358-360-362-364-366-368-370-372-374-376-378-380-382-384-386-388-390-392-394-396-398-400-402-404-406-408-410-412-414-416-418-420-422-424-426-428-430-432-434-436-438-440-442-444-446-448-450-452-454-456-458-460-462-464-466-468-470-472-474-476-478-480-482-484-486-488-490-492-494-496-498-500-502-504-506-508-510-512-514-516-518-520-522-524-526-528-530-532-534-536-538-540-542-544-546-548-550-552-554-556-558-560-562-564-566-568-570-572-574-576-578-580-582-584-586-588-590-592-594-596-598-600-602-604-606-608-610-612-614-616-618-620-622-624-626-628-630-632-634-636-638-640-642-644-646-648-650-652-654-656-658-660-662-664-666-668-670-672-674-676-678-680-682-684-686-688-690-692-694-696-698-700-702-704-706-708-710-712-714-716-718-720-722-724-726-728-730-732-734-736-738-740-742-744-746-748-750-752-754-756-758-760-762-764-766-768-770-772-774-776-778-780-782-784-786-788-790-792-794-796-798-800-802-804-806-808-810-812-814-816-818-820-822-824-826-828-830-832-834-836-838-840-842-844-846-848-850-852-854-856-858-860-862-864-866-868-870-872-874-876-878-880-882-884-886-888-890-892-894-896-898-900-902-904-906-908-910-912-914-916-918-920-922-924-926-928-930-932-934-936-938-940-942-944-946-948-950-952-954-956-958-960-962-964-966-968-970-972-974-976-978-980-982-984-986-988-990-992-994-996-998-1000-1002-1004-1006-1008-1010-1012-1014-1016-1018-1020-1022-1024-1026-1028-1030-1032-1034-1036-1038-1040-1042-1044-1046-1048-1050-1052-1054-1056-1058-1060-1062-1064-1066-1068-1070-1072-1074-1076-1078-1080-1082-1084-1086-1088-1090-1092-1094-1096-1098-1100-1102-1104-1106-1108-1110-1112-1114-1116-1118-1120-1122-1124-1126-1128-1130-1132-1134-1136-1138-1140-1142-1144-1146-1148-1150-1152-1154-1156-1158-1160-1162-1164-1166-1168-1170-1172-1174-1176-1178-1180-1182-1184-1186-1188-1190-1192-1194-1196-1198-1200-1202-1204-1206-1208-1210-1212-1214-1216-1218-1220-1222-1224-1226-1228-1230-1232-1234-1236-1238-1240-1242-1244-1246-1248-1250-1252-1254-1256-1258-1260-1262-1264-1266-1268-1270-1272-1274-1276-1278-1280-1282-1284-1286-1288-1290-1292-1294-1296-1298-1300-1302-1304-1306-1308-1310-1312-1314-1316-1318-1320-1322-1324-1326-1328-1330-1332-1334-1336-1338-1340-1342-1344-1346-1348-1350-1352-1354-1356-1358-1360-1362-1364-1366-1368-1370-1372-1374-1376-1378-1380-1382-1384-1386-1388-1390-1392-1394-1396-1398-1400-1402-1404-1406-1408-1410-1412-1414-1416-1418-1420-1422-1424-1426-1428-1430-1432-1434-1436-1438-1440-1442-1444-1446-1448-1450-1452-1454-1456-1458-1460-1462-1464-1466-1468-1470-1472-1474-1476-1478-1480-1482-1484-1486-1488-1490-1492-1494-1496-1498-1500-1502-1504-1506-1508-1510-1512-1514-1516-1518-1520-1522-1524-1526-1528-1530-1532-1534-1536-1538-1540-1542-1544-1546-1548-1550-1552-1554-1556-1558-1560-1562-1564-1566-1568-1570-1572-1574-1576-1578-1580-1582-1584-1586-1588-1590-1592-1594-1596-1598-1600-1602-1604-1606-1608-1610-1612-1614-1616-1618-1620-1622-1624-1626-1628-1630-1632-1634-1636-1638-1640-1642-1644-1646-1648-1650-1652-1654-1656-1658-1660-1662-1664-1666-1668-1670-1672-1674-1676-1678-1680-1682-1684-1686-1688-1690-1692-1694-1696-1698-1700-1702-1704-1706-1708-1710-1712-1714-1716-1718-1720-1722-1724-1726-1728-1730-1732-1734-1736-1738-1740-1742-1744-1746-1748-1750-1752-1754-1756-1758-1760-1762-1764-1766-1768-1770-1772-1774-1776-1778-1780-1782-1784-1786-1788-1790-1792-1794-1796-1798-1800-1802-1804-1806-1808-1810-1812-1814-1816-1818-1820-1822-1824-1826-1828-1830-1832-1834-1836-1838-1840-1842-1844-1846-1848-1850-1852-1854-1856-1858-1860-1862-186

THEY ARE ALL HERE

And Atlanta Is Glad to Give the
Doctors a Welcome.

DOINGS OF THE FIRST DAY'S SESSION

The Convention Promises to Be the
Most Successful Ever Held.

INTERESTING PAPER ON CERTAIN CRIMES

Dr. Wyeth Arrived Last Evening—Papers
to Be Read Today—The Reception
Today.

The sixth annual session of the tri-state Medical Association of Georgia, Alabama and Tennessee was called to order in the Kimball house ballroom yesterday morning at 9:30 o'clock.

The association has been organized something over five years, and numbers among its members the leading physicians of the three states covered by its territory. In the past the conventions have all been held in the city of Chattanooga, it being thought that this was a most central place, and therefore most desirable for the sessions.



DR. J. B. S. HOLMES,
President of the Tri-State Medical Association.

to be held there. This year Atlanta was selected as the meeting place, this being the first time the association has ever met in any city other than Chattanooga.

Every promise is given that the sessions will be highly interesting to all, and very instructive to those who meet for the purpose of learning more about the science of medicine and of catching pointers from their fellow doctors.

The attendance was good yesterday morning, when the association was first called to order, but in the afternoon it was largely increased by many physicians who did not arrive in the city until late trains came in from different sections of the south.

Today it is thought the attendance will be even greater and it is the general opinion that the meeting will be more successful on the whole than any previous convention.

Dr. J. B. Holmes, of this city, is president of the association, and presided over yesterday's session in an admirable manner, having an eye to the welfare of the association, and to the welfare of the city.

When president Holmes called the convention to order in the forenoon he introduced Dr. Willis F. Westmoreland, who in a few pleasant remarks bade the visitors welcome to Atlanta on the part of the local profession, and the public generally. Dr. Westmoreland said:

Dr. Westmoreland's Welcome.
"Mr. President and gentlemen of the convention: Incapacitated though I may be, I am before this association to express to you as best I can, the words of welcome extended by our citizens, all of whom have been more or less intimately connected with you, in the great drama of birth, life and death."

"Certainly no class of men are more familiar with welcomes than the physician. It is he whose words carry so much joy or sadness, but such welcomes, surrounded as they so frequently are, with suffering, sadness and sorrow, are not ones that carry either pleasure or gladness with them. It is to you, who from the vicissitudes of fortune have plucked the courage to endure, and the inspiration to strive; you who prove the friend, comrade, councillor and guide."



DR. R. M. CUNNINGHAM,
Who Responded to the Address of Welcome.

Dr. R. M. Cunningham, of this city, responded to the address of welcome, and in a most interesting and instructive manner, showing to you who share the poetry of your lives with the prose of others, and who represent a profession so perfect and so noble as to be filled with divine possibilities, that I extend our hearty welcomes. A physician's life is one full of tears and sunshine. It is one of many pains and much of care and anxiety. While with you you will be relieved from all worry and solitude; under such circumstances there can be no sweeter word than welcome, which, like the spirit of love, should be felt everywhere. And let me assure you, gentlemen who have never visited us before, that here welcome ever smiles, and may it echo and re-echo in the varying strains that will be heard here."

Reports of the Officers.
After the response to the address of welcome there were reports of the different officers of the association.

The president, Dr. Holmes, made an interesting talk about the progress of the association since the last meeting, and showed that the interest in the affairs of the organization was steadily kept up by the members.

The secretary, Dr. Frank Trester Smith, of this city, reported that the financial condition of the association was to be good. This report was full of interest and showed to the members that Dr. Smith is the right man in the position.

Dr. Smith is from Chattanooga, and has been a wide-awake and enthusiastic member of the association for a long time. All of the reports were of a most satisfactory nature, and the members were much elated at the facts brought out.

A Thoughtful Paper.
The first paper on the programme was entitled "A Class of Criminals and Their Punishment from a Medical-Legal Point of View."

This paper, which was read by Dr. J. C. Le Grand, of Atlanta, Ala., was, perhaps, the most interesting of all the papers that were read during the day. I touched upon the crime of rape, which is calling forth such intense interest among the courts and law makers of the land just at present. The ground was taken by the author of the paper that there are some criminals of a type who really have not the guilt of moral transgression, it being a purely physical disease. In such cases the distinguished

make of your trip one continued pleasure to you as it is to us." (Applause.)

Dr. Cunningham's Response.
Dr. R. M. Cunningham, one of the most popular members of the association, of Birmingham, Ala., responded to the address of welcome. He spoke as follows:

"Mr. President and Chairman: The somewhat embarrassing, but nevertheless pleasant duty to respond to the address of welcome, now realized welcome extended to us by the citizens and profession of Atlanta, the city of conventions, has been assigned me by your distinguished president. Who are we? We are citizens of that illustrious triumvirate of states, Alabama, Georgia and Tennessee, three of the greatest contiguous states of the righteous, patriotic but unfortunate confederacy, and which aspire to be and will be the three greatest contiguous states of the present and ever to be glorious union—states that have no cause to blush, but swell with pride at the record of their citizens in war and in peace and in all the avocations of life. (Applause.)"

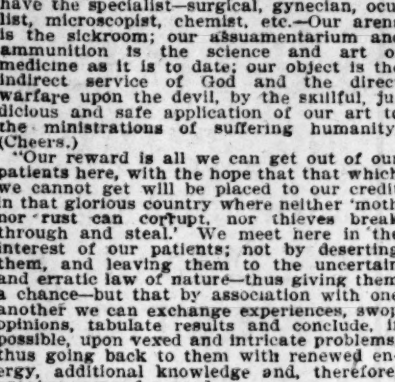
The record of their statesmen is written in the legislation of our national and state governments. The greatness of their lawyers in the nobility of their arms in the gallantry of their soldiers, as attested by the victory of a thousand battlefields; the loyalty of their citizens to the laws of the land; their patriotic support of national, state and municipal government; the sincerity and purity of their religion; the high standard of their moral; their enterprise in field and shop and on the sea; their heroic courage in meeting the almost total destruction of war; and above all the beauty, the purity, the culture and the transcendent courage and heroism of their women. (Cheers.)

"We are practitioners of medicine and surgery in the broadest and special sense. Among us are the general practitioners—the highest type of medical men—who are expected to do all things from testing the pulse in the baby to angina pectoris in the adult—from pulling a tooth to hip-joint amputation. We are also the specialists—the oculist, microscopist, chemist, etc.—Our arena is the sickroom, the laboratory, the hospital and the dispensary. We are the science and art of medicine as it is to date; our object is the indirect service of God and the direct warfare upon the devil, by the skillful, judicious and safe application of our art to the ministrations of suffering humanity. (Cheers.)"

"Our reward is all we can get out of our patients here, with the hope that that which we cannot get will be placed in our credit in that glorious country where neither moth nor rust can corrupt, nor thieves break through and steal. We meet here in the interest of our patients; not by deserting them, but by leaving them to the ministrations of errant law of nature—thus giving them a chance—but that by association with one another we can exchange experiences, and opinions, tabulate results and conclude, if possible, to reach a common conclusion, thus going back to them with renewed energy, additional knowledge and, therefore, better power to give good service."

"Our respective states may well be proud of us, and we are proud of them. We are of us great and a few illustrious. Alabama has given the world her J. Marion Sims, the father of modern gynecology. Tennessee her Eve, the Newton of southern surgery; Georgia her Beatty, whose original investigations, courage and skill made possible the greatest modern life-saving, pain-relieving operation."

There are many others too numerous to mention, but there is one who has done more for the world than any other man in a surgical field by the annihilations of pain. His greatest work is attested by monuments of stone, by public praise, not even by universal professional accord, but his



DR. FRANK TRESTER SMITH,
Secretary of the Tri-State Medical Association.

facts to show that it was a crime that could be cured by medical punishment alone. Dr. Cowan urged that no man who had been trained up right, and who had ever had such moral depravity as that which is required in committing rape, and yet said that it was his duty to perform such an operation made assault. It was impossible for him to stop by his own will from the commission of his purpose. He said that he had advised such a man to go to the insane asylum, or a monomaniac. He said that in such cases should not necessarily be the punishment."

The fact that this question is now confronting the lawmakers of the state so strikingly and that the courts are puzzled over it made the paper one of unusual interest to the general public aside from the medical fraternity.

Other Papers That Were Read.
"Treatment of Stricture of the Urethra by Electrolysis" was the subject of a very interesting discourse by Dr. P. L. Brouillette, of Huntsville, Ala., which was discussed by Dr. Cowan, of Chattanooga, and Dr. McRae, of the University of Nashville.

"The Code of Medical Ethics" was the topic of a most highly enjoyable paper by Dr. G. W. Drake, of Chattanooga, in which opposition to all the quack fakes of the medical profession was expressed in a strong and interesting manner.

Dr. Dunbar Roy, of this city, favored the convention with a clear and forceful paper upon "Paralysis of the Rectum and External Rectus of the Eye," and gave a report of two cases. The discourse was full of force and instruction and was loudly congratulated by the physicians who heard the reading of the paper.

"Mixed Infection. Report of Cases" was the topic of a paper read by Dr. M. B. Huchins, of this city, which called forth much favorable discussion. The different opinions brought out upon this theme were all of interest and instruction.

Papers on the Programme.
Following are the papers arranged in special order for today's programme:

1. "Prognosis and Treatment of Pile Hemorrhoids," by Dr. Richard H. Smith, of New York.
2. "The Treatment of Stone in the Kidney," by W. E. B. Davis, of Birmingham.
3. "The Importance of Early Treatment in Cutaneous Cancer," by Dr. A. R. Robinson, of New York.

A report of some rare surgical lesions connected with the liver—John A. Wyeth, of New York.

Notes of the Convention.
Dr. W. Gill Wyly, of New York, telegraphed the convention he could not be here.

The reception to the visitors at the Capital City Club tonight will be the enjoyable feature in contemplation today. All of the visitors will be there.

Mr. Henry Chesnut, representing William R. Warner & Co., manufacturing chemists, Philadelphia, has a splendid exhibit at the convention.

Mr. Boyd Thomas, the general representative of the Deliber-Goodale Company, has a very attractive corner set aside with displays of Mellin's food for infants and invalids.

Mr. Peter Hamilton, of Parkey Davis & Co.'s Detroit factory, is on hand with a beautiful exhibit of his new line of baby carriages, and has made many friends among the doctors who already were familiarly acquainted with his well-known firm in a professional sense.

CAMPBELL'S CONCERT.
The first rehearsal for the concert of Signor Campbell was held last night. Atlanta's musicians were held in force and all were enthusiastic over the preparations for the approaching concert.

The concert of October 21st is expected to bring to the Grand one of the largest audiences Atlanta has ever had.

Tickets to the concert will be put on sale at the Grand October 20th and the proceeds will be turned over to the Ladies' Auxiliary of the Grady hospital.

The rehearsal was exceedingly gratifying to all who heard it.

IT IS YET A MYSTERY.
The Atlanta and West Point Railway Wreck Is Not Understood.

President George C. Smith, of the Atlanta and West Point Railway, returned yesterday from the scene of the recent wreck which occurred last Sunday near West Point.

He says it is hard to account for the wreck. There is no evidence that the fault was in the tracks, since they measure exactly the proper gauge. There was no wilful neglect on the part of the engineer, but on testing them nothing definite can be ascertained to show that the equipment was at all faulty.

It was a mystery, and the cause of the wreck is still a matter of conjecture. The fact that the train was running on the same track as it had on the day before, and that the engine was in good condition, adds to the mystery.

The fact that the train was running on the same track as it had on the day before, and that the engine was in good condition, adds to the mystery.

The fact that the train was running on the same track as it had on the day before, and that the engine was in good condition, adds to the mystery.

The fact that the train was running on the same track as it had on the day before, and that the engine was in good condition, adds to the mystery.

The fact that the train was running on the same track as it had on the day before, and that the engine was in good condition, adds to the mystery.

The fact that the train was running on the same track as it had on the day before, and that the engine was in good condition, adds to the mystery.

The fact that the train was running on the same track as it had on the day before, and that the engine was in good condition, adds to the mystery.

The fact that the train was running on the same track as it had on the day before, and that the engine was in good condition, adds to the mystery.

The fact that the train was running on the same track as it had on the day before, and that the engine was in good condition, adds to the mystery.

The fact that the train was running on the same track as it had on the day before, and that the engine was in good condition, adds to the mystery.

The fact that the train was running on the same track as it had on the day before, and that the engine was in good condition, adds to the mystery.

The fact that the train was running on the same track as it had on the day before, and that the engine was in good condition, adds to the mystery.

The fact that the train was running on the same track as it had on the day before, and that the engine was in good condition, adds to the mystery.

The fact that the train was running on the same track as it had on the day before, and that the engine was in good condition, adds to the mystery.

The fact that the train was running on the same track as it had on the day before, and that the engine was in good condition, adds to the mystery.

The fact that the train was running on the same track as it had on the day before, and that the engine was in good condition, adds to the mystery.

The fact that the train was running on the same track as it had on the day before, and that the engine was in good condition, adds to the mystery.

The fact that the train was running on the same track as it had on the day before, and that the engine was in good condition, adds to the mystery.

The fact that the train was running on the same track as it had on the day before, and that the engine was in good condition, adds to the mystery.

The fact that the train was running on the same track as it had on the day before, and that the engine was in good condition, adds to the mystery.

The fact that the train was running on the same track as it had on the day before, and that the engine was in good condition, adds to the mystery.

The fact that the train was running on the same track as it had on the day before, and that the engine was in good condition, adds to the mystery.

The fact that the train was running on the same track as it had on the day before, and that the engine was in good condition, adds to the mystery.

The fact that the train was running on the same track as it had on the day before, and that the engine was in good condition, adds to the mystery.

The fact that the train was running on the same track as it had on the day before, and that the engine was in good condition, adds to the mystery.

The fact that the train was running on the same track as it had on the day before, and that the engine was in good condition, adds to the mystery.

The fact that the train was running on the same track as it had on the day before, and that the engine was in good condition, adds to the mystery.

The fact that the train was running on the same track as it had on the day before, and that the engine was in good condition, adds to the mystery.

The fact that the train was running on the same track as it had on the day before, and that the engine was in good condition, adds to the mystery.

The fact that the train was running on the same track as it had on the day before, and that the engine was in good condition, adds to the mystery.

The fact that the train was running on the same track as it had on the day before, and that the engine was in good condition, adds to the mystery.

IT HAS PASSED OFF.

The Storm Surrenders to the White
Flag of Jack Frost.

NO FURTHER DANGER IS APPREHENDED

The Crop Bulletin Shows That the Farming
Lands in South Georgia Have
Suffered Considerably.

The whimsical tropical storm that was
sweeping toward us Monday night changed
its mind and its course yesterday.

All in all the mercury, followed by a general clearing up, is the latest bulletin from the weather bureau, and the storm, which was to have blown its bellows against the Blue Ridge mountains and spread destruction in its path, has turned into a mild and frisky breeze that will trip through the woods this morning under a soft, blue sky.

There will be no further news of the storm. The reduction in the temperature and the clearing up of the sky is the formal opening of the season into fairer weather and the velvet march of beautiful October days. In the southern portion of the state the injury resulting from the storm was rather severe and many of the crops were injured, but no damage had been reported from the higher latitudes. The passage of the storm is a verification of the old truth that Atlanta is perched too high for the reach of the cyclone and can well afford to boast of her conspicuous security.

The following is the regular crop bulletin for the week:

"The weather-conditions of the past week were not unfavorable until another West Indian storm broke over southern Georgia Monday. Reports of its effects have not yet been received, but it is probable that the damage will be long in coming, and east sections of the state. By this (Tuesday) morning the storm had advanced nearly to Savannah, and will probably pass out to sea."

With next week's bulletin, its issue will cease for this season. Every reporter is earnestly requested to send in a final report of the season's progress. In the general depression of all business? Are farmers as well or better off than a year ago?

Reports from the northwestern Georgia show a continuation of favorable conditions during the past week. With dry and cool days, cotton picking has been finished and cotton picking pushed. Farmers have been busy making sorghum, and all agree that the crop will this season be very bountiful. In some localities corn is being gathered, and the quality is fully up to the expectations of a few weeks ago. Several reports say that heavy frosts occurred in their vicinity on Saturday morning, but no damage was reported. The ground cannot be prepared for small grain and little has been sown. Potatoes are being gathered and potatoes are in need of rain.

"With dry and cool weather the farmers of the northern section are busy with work, and cotton picking and sorghum making is now well advanced. While the weather has been a very large yield, and the quality is being gathered is satisfactory. Sorghum has been harvested and stored in most excellent condition, but as yet little corn has been gathered. Potatoes and other minor crops are growing nicely and will be an average yield."

The week, in the northeastern section of the state, has been generally clear and cool and all fall crops are maturing rapidly. Cotton is being gathered in large quantities and is of good quality. Sorghum is being harvested and stored in most excellent condition, but as yet little corn has been gathered. Potatoes and other minor crops are growing nicely and will be an average yield."

The week, in the northeastern section of the state, has been generally clear and cool and all fall crops are maturing rapidly. Cotton is being gathered in large quantities and is of good quality. Sorghum is being harvested and stored in most excellent condition, but as yet little corn has been gathered. Potatoes and other minor crops are growing nicely and will be an average yield."

The week, in the northeastern section of the state, has been generally clear and cool and all fall crops are maturing rapidly. Cotton is being gathered in large quantities and is of good quality. Sorghum is being harvested and stored in most excellent condition, but as yet little corn has been gathered. Potatoes and other minor crops are growing nicely and will be an average yield."

The week, in the northeastern section of the state, has been generally clear and cool and all fall crops are maturing rapidly. Cotton is being gathered in large quantities and is of good quality. Sorghum is being harvested and stored in most excellent condition, but as yet little corn has been gathered. Potatoes and other minor crops are growing nicely and will be an average yield."

The week, in the northeastern section of the state, has been generally clear and cool and all fall crops are maturing rapidly. Cotton is being gathered in large quantities and is of good quality. Sorghum is being harvested and stored in most excellent condition, but as yet little corn has been gathered. Potatoes and other minor crops are growing nicely and will be an average yield."

The week, in the northeastern section of the state, has been generally clear and cool and all fall crops are maturing rapidly. Cotton is being gathered in large quantities and is of good quality. Sorghum is being harvested and stored in most excellent condition, but as yet little corn has been gathered. Potatoes and other minor crops are growing nicely and will be an average yield."

The week, in the northeastern section of the state, has been generally clear and cool and all fall crops are maturing rapidly. Cotton is being gathered in large quantities and is of good quality. Sorghum is being harvested and stored in most excellent condition, but as yet little corn has been gathered. Potatoes and other minor crops are growing nicely and will be an average yield."

The week, in the northeastern section of the state, has been generally clear and cool and all fall crops are maturing rapidly. Cotton is being gathered in large quantities and is of good quality. Sorghum is being harvested and stored in most excellent condition, but as yet little corn has been gathered. Potatoes and other minor crops are growing nicely and will be an average yield."

The week, in the northeastern section of the state, has been generally clear and cool and all fall crops are maturing rapidly. Cotton is being gathered in large quantities and is of good quality. Sorghum is being harvested and stored in most excellent condition, but as yet little corn has been gathered. Potatoes and other minor crops are growing nicely and will be an average yield."

The week, in the northeastern section of the state, has been generally clear and cool and all fall crops are maturing rapidly. Cotton is being gathered in large quantities and is of good quality. Sorghum is being harvested and stored in most excellent condition, but as yet little corn has been gathered. Potatoes and other minor crops are growing nicely and will be an average yield."

The week, in the northeastern section of the state, has been generally clear and cool and all fall crops are maturing rapidly. Cotton is being gathered in large quantities and is of good quality. Sorghum is being harvested and stored in most excellent condition, but as yet little corn has been gathered. Potatoes and other minor crops are growing nicely and will be an average yield."

The week, in the northeastern section of the state, has been generally clear and cool and all fall crops are maturing rapidly. Cotton is being gathered in large quantities and is of good quality. Sorghum is being harvested and stored in most excellent condition, but as yet little corn has been gathered. Potatoes and other minor crops are growing nicely and will be an average yield."

The week, in the northeastern section of the state, has been generally clear and cool and all fall crops are maturing rapidly. Cotton is being gathered in large quantities and is of good quality. Sorghum is being harvested and stored in most excellent condition, but as yet little corn has been gathered. Potatoes and other minor crops are growing nicely and will be an average yield."

The week, in the northeastern section of the state, has been generally clear and cool and all fall crops are maturing rapidly. Cotton is being gathered in large quantities and is of good quality. Sorghum is being harvested and stored in most excellent condition, but as yet little corn has been gathered. Potatoes and other minor crops are growing nicely and will be an average yield."

The week, in the northeastern section of the state, has been generally clear and cool and all fall crops are maturing rapidly. Cotton is being gathered in large quantities and is of good quality. Sorghum is being harvested and stored in most excellent condition, but as yet little corn has been gathered. Potatoes and other minor crops are growing nicely and will be an average yield."

The week, in the northeastern section of the state, has been generally clear and cool and all fall crops are maturing rapidly. Cotton is being gathered in large quantities and is of good quality. Sorghum is being harvested and stored in most excellent condition, but as yet little corn has been gathered. Potatoes and other minor crops are growing nicely and will be an average yield."

The week, in the northeastern section of the state, has been generally clear and cool and all fall crops are maturing rapidly. Cotton is being gathered in large quantities and is of good quality. Sorghum is being harvested and stored in most excellent condition, but as yet little corn has been gathered. Potatoes and other minor crops are growing nicely and will be an average yield."

The week, in the northeastern section of the state, has been generally clear and cool and all fall crops are maturing rapidly. Cotton is being gathered in large quantities and is of good quality. Sorghum is being harvested and stored in most excellent condition, but as yet little corn has been gathered. Potatoes and other minor crops are growing nicely and will be an average yield."

The week, in the northeastern section of the state, has been generally clear and cool and all fall crops are maturing rapidly. Cotton is being gathered in large quantities and is of good quality. Sorghum is being harvested and stored in most excellent condition, but as yet little corn has been gathered. Potatoes and other minor crops are growing nicely and will be an average yield."

The week, in the northeastern section of the state, has been generally clear and cool and all fall crops are maturing rapidly. Cotton is being gathered in large quantities and is of good quality. Sorghum is being harvested and stored in most excellent condition, but as yet little corn has been gathered. Potatoes and other minor crops are growing nicely and will be an average yield."

The week, in the northeastern section of the state, has been generally clear and cool and all fall crops are maturing rapidly. Cotton is being gathered in large quantities and is of good quality. Sorghum is being harvested and stored in most excellent condition, but as yet little corn has been gathered. Potatoes and other minor crops are growing nicely and will be an average yield."

The week, in the northeastern section of the state, has been generally clear and cool and all fall crops are maturing rapidly. Cotton is being gathered in large quantities and is of good quality. Sorghum is being harvested and stored in most excellent condition, but as yet little corn has been gathered. Potatoes and other minor crops are growing nicely and will be an average yield."

SOCIETY NEWS AND GOSSIP.

A flower show is to be given at the Gate City Guard's armory on October 20th to November 2, for the benefit of the woman's department of the exposition. The committee in charge consists of the following ladies: Mrs. Henry Lanier, chairman; Mrs. Dr. H. L. Wilson, Mrs. Porter King, Miss Annie Powell, Mrs. Miller, and Mrs. J. W. Thomas. It will far surpass any floral display that has ever been seen in Atlanta. The ladies have already received letters from a number of florists in North Carolina, Indianapolis, Ind.; Florida, Tennessee and all parts of Georgia. The Brookwood Floral Company will make a beautiful display, and a number of other florists in Atlanta will do the same. The committee hopes that all of the florists in Georgia will make displays, and would like especially for the Atlanta Garden Club to be among the first to apply for space in this exhibition. The ladies have been presented already with a beautiful solid silver cup for the prize. Miss Monroe, Thomas, Miss Mary Burt Woodward and Miss Nelly Wright have assisted the committee greatly in their work. Mrs. Wurm's hands will play the opening night complimentary to the woman's department. If success is due to hard work, the ladies will make this show something grand.

Miss Lucy Nagle has returned to the city after a few days' visit to Miss Smith, of Cartersville, Ga.

Mrs. H. M. Nichols has returned after several months' absence and is now at 213 Peachtree.

Miss Amanda Moore is in the city on her way to New York, where she will remain until December.

Mr. John Berry will leave some time this month for New York, where he will spend several weeks.

Mrs. Hugh Hagan will compliment her guest, Mrs. Charles Smith, with an afternoon card party during her stay in the city.

Miss Virginia Arnold has returned to the city for the winter, after spending a month at her country home in lower Georgia.

Miss Carter, of Albany, is visiting Miss Carrie Sisson at her home in Kirkwood.

Mr. Leon H. Shellman has returned to the city after a delightful visit to friends in Montgomery and Cartersville.

Miss Lullie Redd, of Columbus, is visiting her cousin, Miss Willie Frank Redd, at her home, No. 100 First street. Miss Redd is a talented and charming young lady.

Mrs. William R. Brown, of Fort Valley, one of the most popular and prominent social leaders in Georgia, is in Atlanta for a few days, stopping at the Lealand.

Mrs. Charles L. Henry, who spent most of the summer in Atlanta, has returned to her home in Louisville, Ky. Mrs. Henry is a thoroughly charming woman, and has numerous friends in Atlanta that regret her return to the blue grass capital.

Miss Laura Stevens, a charming young lady of Charlotte, N. C., is in the city visiting her aunt, Mrs. Walker, on Nelson street.

Invitations are out to the marriage of Miss Lula McAllister and Mr. Frank Done. The marriage will take place next Wednesday evening at the home of the bride's parents on Luckie street, at 8 o'clock. Miss McAllister is a young lady of rare beauty, and is quite popular in her set. Mr. Donald is one of the rising young business men of Springfield, S. C.

Mrs. Joe Littlefield, of Valdosta, who has many friends in this city, is stopping at 202 South Terry street.

Invitations are out to the marriage of Mr. Robert L. Bogan and Miss Ella Kries. The marriage will take place this evening at the home of the bride's parents, No. 18 Trinity avenue. The Rev. Dr. Walker Lewis officiating. Miss Kries is one of Atlanta's charming and cultured young ladies and has been quite a belle since entering society, while Mr. Bogan is one of Atlanta's sterling young men. It will be one of the prettiest home weddings seen in Atlanta in a long time.

Miss Charles Jones, one of Charleston's entertaining and charming society ladies is in the city, the guest of her aunt, Mrs. Whitehead, on Johnson street.

One of the most delightful hops of the season was enjoyed by quite a number of society folk at the pleasant home of Mr. and Mrs. Fitzhugh Knox, corner of Auburn avenue and the Boulevard last Wednesday evening. Wurm's orchestra furnished the delightful music and the refreshments were dainty and delightful. The evening was most delightfully spent by those present. Among those in attendance were:

acy,

the distinguished
the convention of
Medical Associa-
customers and the
doors open next
come all to stroll
y Band.....

tails.

autiful things we
Toilet Articles

an elegant and val-
useful novelties
order to facilitate the
requested to register
venir will be sent by
y invited.....

acy,

imate placed upon Dr.
which appeared in yes-

more lasting impress
he has been surpassed
ents are not amenable
land.

are judged by their
deeper studies, that
underful measure that
worm, and enables its
e to the historian and

details of an uninter-
ous information, such

masterly precision of
very simplicity.

tribution for the

ar to Americans alone,
ed useful lessons by
fancies.

ublications as the
of materials in them
was not so much
and force to his

into a literary

osed a useful life of

to all of English
pression in their lives.

successful life of
by an array of his

A TAG TOLD ON HIM

Chief Connolly Hears of the Desperate
Burglar Captured in Chattanooga.

PROOF THAT HE OPERATED IN ATLANTA

Had a Bunch of Keys with the Name,
Julius Dreyfus, Attached to Them.
A Daring Record.

Chief Connolly received information yesterday which shows that Bird, the desperate burglar and notorious crook, whose twenty-five run and capture by bloodhounds caused so much excitement in Chattanooga, paid Atlanta a visit and did work in his line while here.

Since his capture the detectives have been busy locating the large amount of stolen goods which he had concealed in that place and shipped away. On being searched by Chief Hill, on Monday, a receipt for a trunk which he had shipped to Nashville was taken from him. The trunk was sent for at once. It was opened and in the midst of a lot of jewelry and other stolen property was discovered a box of keys. A small tag on a bunch of these keys caused Chief Hill to write to Chief Connolly.

It was a silver tag and neatly inscribed thereon the name of Mr. Julius Dreyfus, the secretary and treasurer of the Fulton Bag and Cotton Mills. Chief Connolly investigated the affair immediately. There was no record of a burglary at Mr. Dreyfus's residence on the detectives' docket. A telephone message told him that Mr. Dreyfus himself was now in New York and none of his family remembered any burglary committed there.

It is thought, however, that the finding of the tag will prove a valuable clue to some of the mysterious burglaries which were committed here several months ago.

Bird is one of the most daring colored criminals ever known in the south. His operations have been extensive. Besides the large robberies in Chattanooga, he confessed that he made huge hauls in Augusta and other places. His capture is considered the best catch ever made by the Chattanooga officers.

Saturday morning it was discovered that the little post office at Wauhatchie had been robbed. A special engine left for Chattanooga at once, bringing back several officers and three well-trained dogs. "Jude," the most celebrated bloodhound of that section, was there. She caught the trail at once and down the railroad track, followed by the engine, the dogs started out in fast pursuit. The mile posts went by rapidly. Twenty-three miles were quickly covered and then old Jude swung out into a swamp. A little distance beyond was a negro cabin. Here the hounds bayed. Patrolman Phipps, of the Chattanooga force, ran up and arrived just in time to prevent the desperado from putting a bullet in Jude.

The man was arrested and carried back to Chattanooga. His stronghold in the city was located and raided. Enough booty was taken out to stock a large jewelry store. Then Bird confessed. He gave the story of his life. This was a voluminous series of startling crimes. He had served four years in the state penitentiary of Illinois and since his release had given all his time to burglary. He decided to do the south and in the course of his operations has visited nearly every southern city.

The tag with the name of Mr. Julius Dreyfus on it is a proof of his trip to Atlanta and it is probable that when Tennessee is through Georgia will get her hands on him.

THIRTY MASKED MEN.

They Drag Two Women and a Man

from Bed and Beat Them. There are now stopping at a private boarding house in this city three striking individuals from North Georgia who will shortly figure in a thrilling sensation which will burst in the United States court. The most interesting of the trio is a charming mountain belle, with soft, peachy cheeks, vigorous form, round, symmetrical features and a strong expression of countenance denoting courage and will. She is a fit heroine for the dramatic incidents in which she figures.

The other personages are the father and mother of the mountain beauty. They came to Atlanta two or three days ago to give testimony against thirty masked men whom they say dragged them from their mountain home at midnight and beat them fire and brutally with heavy leather straps. The tale they tell is one of thrilling interest, and has many of the elements of fiction.

The man is E. J. Thurmond, of Gilmer county, well known through that section of the state. He has a family which consists of himself, his wife and his charming daughter, Miss Vada Thurmond. The latter is just seventeen, but she is a veritable mountain heroine. Mr. Thurmond is a determined looking man, with a fairly prosperous air.

It is Miss Thurmond who gives by far the most interesting account of the thrilling events which brought the family to Atlanta. She possesses, in a rare degree, the gift of graphic conversation, and her manner of telling a thing always impresses the listener.

She gives the names of more than twenty-five of the men who perpetrated the outrage, and declares with the firmest resolution that she will have every one of them punished by law.

"The first I knew of it," she said, "I woke up and they were in my room. I didn't know what in the world was the matter, and couldn't imagine. I heard pa and ma screaming at the top of their voices, and a lot of men were dragging pa into his night clothes. Some of 'em had a-holt of ma."

"The house was full of men. Nearly all of 'em wore masks. They carried me out in the roughest kind of way, and stopped about a hundred yards from the house, where a lot of men had carried pa. He was screaming at the top of his voice, and at the house, where the men kept me, I could hear her screaming like mad."

"Four or five of them yelled out to pa and wanted to know what he had been doing. He said nothing, and they shouted back at him that he had been reporting stills. He said he hadn't, and they said they were going to whip him and me, too. Nearly every one of them had a little short stick, about two feet long, with a keen strap of leather fastened to the end. They began beating us with them."

"They beat us unmercifully, taking it turn about. All the time we kept shouting as loud as we could. One of the men begged them not to whip me. He was a young man, and he kept begging them. I wished I knew him—I couldn't tell who he was. But they would not listen to him and they kept on hitting me until I thought they would kill me. He kept asking them all the time not to hurt me, and he took my part. They beat us until we were half dead, and then they let us go."

Before the whipping was over, however, Mrs. Thurmond, who had been kept a prisoner in the house by a party of the men, and who had been screaming at the top of her voice all the while, made a frantic dash for liberty and escaped. She fled wildly from her pursuers, and rushed to the rescue of her husband. Some of the men caught hold of her and began to beat her. All this was witnessed by Mr. Thurmond. As he described it, the scene was a harrowing, maddening one. He was forced not only to submit to an unmerciful chastisement, but to witness the brutal beating of his wife and daughter, their screams all the while ringing in his ears.

Finally the whitecappers disappeared into the night, leaving the affrighted trio alone. A few days afterwards Thurmond moved his family to Fannin county, where he now resides, to escape further chastisement. He believes that sooner or later he would

have been killed had he remained in that section. He has kept very quiet, and said nothing about his trouble, waiting for the United States court to convene. Three or four days ago he and his wife and daughter came to Atlanta to push the case. They are determined in the matter, and say that if there is any justice in the land, they will see that it is meted out to the midnight mob which treated them so inhumanly.

It is likely that more than thirty mountaineers, whose names are now in the hands of the marshals, will be arrested in a few days for conspiracy, this charge arising out of their treatment of the Thurmond family. The Thurmonds will remain in the city for several days yet, and will give evidence in the cases against the men.

Thurmond denies that he ever reported a distillery. His daughter also stoutly declares that she never had a hand in any such action; but it seems that a son of Thurmond's, who left home a year or two ago, did report a distillery, and it was out of this that the trouble grew.

THE DIAMOND THIEF.

A Very Small Negro Captured Last Night by the Detectives.

Late last night the detectives, after a hard day's work, captured the mysterious satchel thief. He is a very black and very small darky, who knows how to give shrewd replies to pointed questions and evade the most searching investigation.

Yesterday morning the satchels which contained the diamonds of Mr. Sam Venable were found in an old box car on Daniel street. They had been cut open with a dull knife and left behind. The car was pulled from the Central yards before the satchels were found, showing that it was there the thieves divided the loot, for the negro arrested last night evidently had accomplices.

All the city detectives went at once to work upon the case and gave a diligent search to every part of the city. Last night Detectives Wooten and Bedford got on the trail of a small negro who had been seen waiting about the old capital building with two satchels Monday morning. He was arrested and taken to police headquarters. He was questioned closely, but at first refused to tell anything concerning the theft, denying entirely that he knew anything about it. He finally acknowledged that he was a boy to whom the satchels had been given.

"I took them," he said, "and went to the office where the gentleman told me to take them. I waited there for him and he didn't come and then another boy named Tom came up and told me he would give me a nickel for them and I let him have them. I told him to wait there until the man came and he would get a dime, and that is all I know about it."

Upon this statement Detective Bedford arrested Tom Jones, another small boy. The two boys were kept in the detectives' rooms several hours, but all effort to have them tell what had been done with the diamonds taken from the valise were in vain.

It is thought that the negroes were urged on by some man who received the goods and disposed of them. The affair will be investigated further today.

An Exciting Capture.

B. H. Karwich, a young man who lives on Hardin street, captured a desperate burglar after an exciting chase yesterday.

Mrs. Annie Grant lives at 10 Hardin street. Returning home after a visit to a neighbor she surprised a large negro in the act of burglarizing the house. He jumped through the parlor window and made hasty flight. Karwich was passing at the time and saw the negro as he jumped out. He gave chase and then followed an exciting race.

The negro leaped several fences, but the young man was fast behind and finally brought him to bay in an old house.

The burglar drew a large knife and rushed forward in a vicious way. But he threw up his hands when he saw the muzzle of a self-loading revolver in his face. About this time Patrolman Childs arrived and the man was handcuffed and carried to police station. Here he was recognized as a notorious negro, for whom the officers had been in search for some time.

He Was Released.

Robert Topper, the boy who was arrested Monday afternoon while attempting to pass a forged check, was released yesterday because of his extreme youth.

The check bore the forged signature of Dr. R. L. Jones, who called at the station house in the morning to see the young fellow. Topper protested his innocence at first, saying that he found the check and merely went into Douglas, Thomas & Davidson's to ask about it. Later on his father, who is a blacksmith, called, and the boy confessed. He was carried before a justice of the peace, but on the request of Dr. Jones, who did not care to enter prosecution, he was released.

Dismissed the Case.

At recorder's court yesterday afternoon the case against George A. Palmer and S. L. Siler, the book men, was dismissed. Hon. Porter King appeared as attorney for Palmer and stated that in view of the fact that all different both personal and financial, had been settled between the two men that he requested a dismissal of the case.

This request was granted by Judge Calhoun and both cases were dismissed.

NEW BUILDING LAWS.

Atlanta's Charter to Be Amended So as to Give One Building Inspector.

Now that the legislature is soon to meet Chief Joyner is thinking of the new building laws he wants.

The building laws of Atlanta, according to Chief Joyner's construction, have always been defective and all probability he has devoted as much of his time to trying to have them amended as to anything else since he assumed control of the fire department.

If there is any one man in the city who knows what the building laws ought to be that man is Chief Joyner. It is he who must face the results of these laws when there is little time for anything else than fire fighting, and for that reason he has studied the matter thoroughly. His study has not been confined to the city of Atlanta, but has been extended to every city in the union. On his tours to these cities he has examined the work and while at home he has studied the laws of other places until at last he has perfected a code that is considered by those conversant with it one of the finest in the country.

Under the building laws of Atlanta at present there are three building inspectors and one of the changes sought by the new code is to have one inspector, a man who thoroughly knows the city and the laws are now in power. But in order to secure what he wants the legislature will have to make some changes in the charter, or rather amend the charter and a bill to that effect will be introduced.

This will be what Chief Joyner will nurse till it comes out a law.

Indigestion? Dismiss! Take Beecham's Pills.

North and East. The Southern railway (Piedmont Air-Line), many miles the shortest, many hours the quickest and by far the best route to the north and east. The only Pullman vestibule trains with dining cars. Fast mail trains. Ticket office, Kimball house corner and union depot. Oct-10.

THE HEAVENLY TWINS.

A One-Dollar Book for Fifty Cents. Or one of the most popular novels of the day at half price. Owing to the repeated demands for this best and popular edition of 6,000 copies. Mr. John M. Miller will place on sale Monday morning 1,000 copies. Mail orders filled at 10 cents postpaid. Address: Publishers to John M. Miller, agent, 51 Marietta street, Atlanta, Ga. June 1-10.

Visiting Physicians

Delegates

—TO THE—

Tri-Medical Association,

Before returning to your respective homes we invite you to visit the largest Clothing Store in the South. Come to see us regardless of your desire to make purchases or not.

SPECIAL.

Our stocks for Fall and Winter are complete. Overcoats, Suits, Hats, Furnishings—everything just as a progressive and model retail establishment should have it. Fashions of the period abound and prices are astonishingly low.

Ends-Neel Co.

AUCTION! AUCTION!

Owing to the death of Mr. S. Maier, who was in the wholesale Jewelry business here for the past ten years, we are compelled to close out our mammoth stock of WATCHES, DIAMONDS, SILVERWARE and JEWELRY at auction, in order to wind up affairs. Sale commences October 15th, continuing until everything is sold.

S. MAIER & CO.,

10 Peachtree Street.

B. MAIER, Executor.

oct5 1m

THE KEELEY INSTITUTE

FOR THE CURE OF LIQUOR, OPIUM, MORPHINE, COCAINE, TOBACCO AND CIGARETTE HABITS. Endorsed by the United States Government. For full information address Keeley Institute, Correspondence strictly confidential. ATLANTA, GA. and AUGUSTA, GA.

When Cold
When Thirsty
When Exhausted
try a cup of BEEF TEA
made from the world-known
Leibig COMPANY'S
Extract of Beef
Which makes the finest, best, cleanest,
most palatable Beef Tea with the real
meat flavor. Unapproachable in quality and flavor.

Leibig COMPANY'S
Extract of Beef

Which makes the finest, best, cleanest,
most palatable Beef Tea with the real
meat flavor. Unapproachable in quality and flavor.

Leibig COMPANY'S
Extract of Beef

Leibig COMPANY'S
Extract of Beef

DO YOU WANT
SOME DELICIOUS MEATS?
TRY SOME OF THESE:

Ferris Delicious Hams
and Bacon.
Smithfield Hams.
Virginia Hams.
"Dove" Hams.
English Cured Breakfast Bacon.
(Particularly Fine)
Tennessee Smoked Bacon.
Western Sugar Cured Hams.
(At Lower Prices.)
Also:
Chicken Codfish (extra fine).
The C. J. Kamper Grocery Co.,
390 and 392 Peachtree Street.
Phone 628.

Notice of Local Legislation.
Notice is hereby given that a bill will be introduced at the next session of the general assembly of Georgia to be entitled an act to amend the act approved February 28, 1874, establishing a new charter for the city of Atlanta and the various acts amendatory thereof; the purpose of the proposed legislation being to further amend the charter of the city of Atlanta.
JOHN B. GOODWIN,
Mayor of City of Atlanta.

TOLBERT BROS.

Now at 44 Decatur Street, Half Block East of the Kimball, with the Following Prices:

Tolbert's Patent Flour per bbl. . . \$3.75
10 lbs. Tolbert's Patent Flour . . . 1.00
5 lbs. Tolbert's Patent Flour 50
Good Patent Flour, per bbl. . . . 3.50
10 lbs. Good Patent Flour 90
5 lbs. Good Patent Flour 45
10 lbs. Lard, per lb 1.10
10 lbs. Lard 1.10
Best Brand Sugar-cured Hams, per lb. 1.10
10 lbs. Granulated Sugar 1.00
10 lbs. Head Lard 1.00
6 Cans Eagle Milk 1.00
3 lbs. Mocha and Java Coffee . . . 1.00
Arbuckle's and Levering's Coffee, per lb. 35
Black and Green Tea, per lb. . . . 50
1 lb. Can Royal Powders 45
Boxes Best French Sardines . . . 1.00
5 Cans Salmon Steak 1.00
Tolbert's Pat Flour we guarantee to be as good as any ever sold in Atlanta, or money refunded.
Out of city orders boxed and delivered at depot free of charge.

We will be closed Wednesday.
But we will expect you on Thursday and always
For all the Fresh New and Stylish Things—
In Men's, Boys' and Children's Clothing.

HIRSCH BROTHERS
44 Whitehall,

COAL \$1.50
—TO— PERTON
\$4.50

SCIPLE SONS,
NO. 8 LOYD ST. 'PHONE 203.

ALL GRADES OF...
STEAM and DOMESTIC COAL!

For Sale at Wholesale or Retail by : : :
R. O. CAMPBELL,

Office 36 North Broad Street. 'Phone 1025.
Yards Magnolia Street and E. T. V. & G. R. R. 'Phone 394.

E. T. HALSEY, President. T. McLOHON, Superintendent.
G. M. FLETCHER, Secretary. JOE M. WILSON, Purchasing Agent.

JELICO AND BIRD EYE COAL CO.

Incorporated.
Our Specialties: No. 1—BIRD EYE, a Gem.
No. 2—VANDERPOOL, no equal.
No. 3—BIRD EYE JELICO, a daisy.
Mines at HALSEY, Whitely county, Ky. STOCKS COAL CO.,
7 1/2 miles East of Jellico, Tenn. General Southern Agents,
Junction L. & N. R. R. and E. T. V. & G. R. R. ATLANTA, GA.
Telephone office, Jellico, Tenn. Write for prices.

Make your purchases when you can have the largest assortment to select from.

FINE CHINA,
RICH CUT GLASS,
DIAMONDS,
WATCHES,
STERLING
SILVER,

and everything new and beautiful in our line.

MAIER & BERKELE, 31 Whitehall St.

Wrought Iron Pipe
FITTINGS
—AND—
BRASSGOODS
HEADQUARTERS FOR.

SUPPLIES!

Of every description for Cotton and Woolen Mills, Oil Mills, Saw and Planing Mills, Railroads, Quarries, Machine Shops, etc. Send for list of new and second-hand Machinery.

THE BROWN & KING SUPPLY CO.
ATLANTA, GA.

Trunks, Traveling Bags.
Sample Cases.
Tourist's Outfits.

The largest assortment at the lowest prices.
A full line Pocket Books, Card Cases, Toilet Cases, Collar and Cuff Portfolios, Tool Bags, Etc.

LIEBERMANN & KAUFMAN,
No. 92 and 94 Whitehall St.
Trunk and Valise Repairing.
Telephone 1957, 2 calls